

8c Englisch

03.04.2020

1. How we learn things

Have you ever thought about how you learn things? People have different ways of learning things. What is best for you? Choose one or more of these ideas and finish the sentence like this or with words of your own:



helps me to learn (the language/remember them) – is better, more fun, easier – gives me the chance to say more

Example: Explaining things to others helps me to learn.

1. Listening to the teacher

Reading about things

Doing things

Finding things out for myself

Explaining things to others

2. Working with a partner or in groups

Working alone

3. Doing homework with others

Doing homework alone

4. Saying things aloud

Writing things down

5. Reading English books and magazines Listening to English radio, TV and songs

Talking to English people

Going to English-speaking countries

2. What is school for?

These are some of the things that school helps us with.



Learning about the world

Working with a partner or in groups Thinking about things

Can you think of any more things? Work with a partner or in groups and make a list. Start with words that end in *-ing: doing ..., playing ..., making ...*

3. What is the most important?

Put the things on your list in order of importance – write 1 next to the most important, 2 next to the second most important and so on. If you can't decide you can give some things the same number, like this:

Doing sports 1 Having fun 1

Reading maps 2

Read out your list to the class:

I think ... ing is the most important thing.

Can you say why the things on your list are important to you?

Reading/helps/teaches me to .../shows me how to .../is important because ...

What do most people in your class find most important?

Tourism - yes or no?

This village is very beautiful, but also very poor. The only money that people get is from fishing. Some people think that tourism would be good for the village. Others are not so sure. They are afraid it would change their way of life too much.

Some of the villagers are discussing the problem:

"If we don't do something our lives will never get better. Look at my shop here. If things don't change soon I'll have to close it. But if tourists come they'll buy more things and I'll be able to keep going."

"And they'll eat in our restaurants. How many people come to my restaurant? Maybe ten in a week! We'll have more money to buy things like cars. And we'll be able to build better houses."

"Of course. If we have more money life will be better for all of us. We'll be able to build a better school and a hospital. If we don't have tourists nothing will ever change."

"You're right. And what about the young people? Where will they find jobs?"



Others are not so happy about tourism. They have seen what has happened in other places.

"If tourists come they'll need hotels. And they'll want things like cinemas and discos."

"We'll need more car parks, too."

"But then there won't be much land left. And it will become more expensive. We won't be able to afford it."

"You're right. If the hotel owners buy all the land there won't be any for us. We'll have to move away. We won't be able to live here any longer."

"And what about water? Tourists will want swimming pools. There's not much water now. If we have to build swimming pools there won't be enough water for all of us."

4	G)
,	$\overline{}$	•

Unter einer bestimmten Bedingung wird etwas passieren. Wir verwenden:

für die Bedingung:

für das, was passieren wird:

If + simple present

future

If tourists come

we will have more money.

there will not be enough water.

If tourists don't come

we won't have enough money.

Arguments for tourism

- Fisherman: (more people/to be to sell)
 If there are more people I'll sell more fish.
- Fisherman's wife: (not get not have)

If we	more money we
	enough schools.



ı	more things.				
	Teenager without a job: (tourists/to come – to get a job)				
		in a hotel.	···		
	Café owner: (tourists/not come – have to)		will not = won't		
		ala a a may a a f á	(gesprochene Sprache)		
•		close my care.	•••••••••••		
a	ıments against tourism				
_	t each sentence with: If				
	(tourists/to come – to need) If they				
		triey			
	notels, shops and restaurants.				
	(to build - not be)				
		we			
	hotels, shops and car parks there				
		enough land	for us.		
•	(more people/to need - to get)				
		land it			
	more expensive.				
	(the land/to be - not be able to)				
		ta a averagio			
		too expensive	e we		
	live here.				
aı	you go on? Write the sentences down in yo	our exercise books.			
	_				
-(3				
	tourists come	use a lot of water	•		
	there are more tourists more cars	be more cars the air - be dirtie	r		
	tourists don't come	village stay clean			
	have a tourist industry		e - not go fishing any more		



1. The world we live in

What kind of problems do these pictures show? What could we do about them?



If there **weren't** so many cars the air **would be** cleaner.



If we recycled more we wouldn't have so much rubbish.

What do you think?

- If ... the air would be cleaner.

- We wouldn't have so much rubbish if...

use buses trams trains two people – one car have drive share electric solar

₩.

cans

packets bottles plastic bags

use more than once

collect

G

If there weren't so many cars

If we recycled more

Für die **Bedingungen**, unter denen etwas passieren bzw. nicht passieren **würde**:

If + simple past

the air **would be** cleaner.

we wouldn't have so much rubbish.

Für die vermeintliche **Folge**:

would(n't) + Infinitiv

2. How could we make the world a better place?

1.	If webikes and buses more often thereso many	
	(use – not be)	
2.	thereso many cars the air	cleaner.
	(not be – be)	
3.	we so many chemicals	into the sea the water
	cleaner.	
	(not put – be)	
4.	for the land, too, if we	so many chemicals
	(be better - not use)	

Any more ideas?

- If we/people ...
- It would be better if ...
- We could save energy/water if ...
- If we didn't ...







Underground New York

Ihr werdet in der nächsten Zeit Gelegenheit håben, euch einem spannenden Buch in englischer Sprache zu widmen. Die meisten Wörter kennt ihr bereits. Ansonsten findet ihr am Ende des Buches ein kleines Vocabulary.

Wir geben euch für jedes Kapitel Aufgaben sowie das Datum der Bearbeitung. Die Lösungen sammelt ihr in einem Lesehefter. Lasst zwischen jedem Kapitel immer einen Absatz.

Chapter 1 04.-08.05.2020

- 1. S. 133 Aufgaben 1 -3
- 2. Draw a cluster with the relationship between the six characters mentioned in chapter 1.
- 3. What do you find out about the four main characters Zoe, Basti, Rick and Debbie?

 Make notes in a table with *at least seven lines* <u>each</u>. Say where you found the information (p. 3, II. 4–8).

Zoe	· dreamy (p. 5, II. 19–23)
Basti	•
Dusti	

Chapter 2 11.-15.05.2020

1. The Tunnel

"Shh ... just listen. Moog, Raul and I want to explore a place called Freedom Tunnel. And we want to do that tomorrow. We're meeting at the 125th Street Station near Riverside Park and the tunnel entrance. Basti wants to come. There's some of the greatest graffiti in the world down there. I'm taking my spray paints. We want to do our own". (p. 29, I. 27ff.)

Do you think it's a good idea to go into the tunnel? What makes it exciting? What makes it dangerous?

Help: I think it's (not) a good idea because ...

I feel nervous/excited/scared when I think about the tunnel because ...

I think the tunnel is a dangerous place because ...

2. Stickers

Rick and his friends create stickers and stick them on street lamps and other public property (p. 22). They also want to spray graffitis in the tunnel.

Say what you think about this kind of street art. Then choose a) or b).

- a) Create your own street sticker.
- b) Create your own graffiti on a large piece of paper.

3. Chapter Summary

Match the sentences. Write the correct letter in the middle.

1 Uncle Ben tells the four teenagers	a) to spray graffiti on a wall down there.
2 When Uncle Ben buys the tickets he is angry	b) and they tell Zoe and Debbie about it.
3 The kids enjoy the Empire State Building	c) but they can't tell Uncle Ben or Aunt Marion.
4 After their visit to the Empire State Building	d) because they have a great view from there.
5 Rick and Basti talk about the next day	e) and Rick's plans.
6 Rick wants to go to a tunnel	f) but Rick calls her a "party pooper" so she agrees.
7 Basti thinks it's a great idea	g) that they're going to the Empire State Building.
8 The girls want to come	h) because they are so expensive.
9 Later, Debbie doesn't want to go anymore	i) they walk along Broadway.